

Differentiable manifolds – Exam 1

Notes:

1. Write your name and student number ****clearly**** on each page of written solutions you hand in.
2. You can give solutions in English or Dutch.
3. You are expected to explain your answers.
4. You are allowed to consult text books and class notes.
5. You are **not** allowed to consult colleagues, calculators, computers etc.
6. Advice: read all questions first, then start solving the ones you already know how to solve or have good idea on the steps to find a solution. After you have finished the ones you found easier, tackle the harder ones.

Questions

Exercise 1 (2.0 pt). Let M be a nonempty smooth compact manifold. Show that

1. there is no submersion $f : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$.
2. there is no submersion $f : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$ for any $k > 0$.

Exercise 2. (2.0 pt) Let M be a manifold and let $f, g : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be smooth real functions. Let y be a regular value of g and let $P = g^{-1}(y)$. Show that a point $x \in P$ is a critical point for the restriction

$$f|_P : P \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

if and only if there is a real number λ such that $df|_x = \lambda dg|_x$.

Exercise 3. (2.0 pt) Let $\varphi : N \rightarrow M$ be a submanifold and let $\gamma : (0, 1) \rightarrow M$ be a smooth path which lies in the image of φ , i.e., $\gamma((0, 1)) \subset \varphi(N)$.

1. Show that if φ is an embedding, then $\frac{d\gamma}{dt}|_t \in \varphi_*(T_{\varphi^{-1}(\gamma(t))}N)$;
2. Give an example of a submanifold which is not an embedding for which the conclusion above fails.

Exercise 4 (2.0 pt). Let $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ be a Riemannian metric on TM , i.e.,

- for every $p \in M$

$$\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle : T_p M \times T_p M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

is linear on both entries,

- for every $p \in M$ and every $X \in T_p M \setminus \{0\}$,

$$\langle X, X \rangle > 0$$

- For any $X, Y \in \mathcal{X}(M)$ smooth vector fields, $\langle X, Y \rangle$ is a smooth real function.
1. Given $f : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, show that there is a smooth vector field $\nabla f : M \rightarrow TM$ such that for all $X \in \mathcal{X}(M)$, $\langle \nabla f, X \rangle = df(X)$.
 2. Show that if $y \in \mathbb{R}$ is a regular value of f then ∇f is orthogonal to the tangent space of the submanifold $f^{-1}(y)$, i.e., if $f(p) = y$ and X is tangent to $f^{-1}(y)$ at p , then $\langle \nabla f, X \rangle = 0$.
 3. Let $p \in M$ be a point such that $\nabla f|_p \neq 0$ and let

$$X = \nabla f / \langle \nabla f, \nabla f \rangle^{1/2} \Big|_p \in T_p M.$$

Show that for any $Y \in T_p M$ with $\langle Y, Y \rangle = 1$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y f|_p \leq \mathcal{L}_X f|_p.$$

Exercise 5 (2.0 pt). Prove or give a counterexample to the following claim: "If $E \rightarrow M$ is a nontrivial bundle, then $E \oplus E \rightarrow M$ is also nontrivial."